



Planetary Protection at NASA: Overview and Status

Catharine A. Conley,
NASA Planetary Protection Officer

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2012 NASA Planetary Science Goals

Planetary Protection



- Goal 2: Expand scientific understanding of the Earth and the universe in which we live.
- 2.3 Ascertain the content, origin, and evolution of the solar system and the potential for life elsewhere.
- 2.3.1 Inventory solar system objects and identify the processes active in and among them.
- 2.3.2 Improve understanding of how the Sun's family of planets, satellites, and minor bodies originated and evolved.
- 2.3.3 Improve understanding of the processes that determine the history and future of habitability of environments on Mars and other solar system bodies.
- 2.3.4 Improve understanding of the origin and evolution of Earth's life and biosphere to determine if there is or ever has been life elsewhere in the universe.
- 2.3.5 Identify and characterize small bodies and the properties of planetary environments that pose a threat to terrestrial life or exploration or provide potentially exploitable resources.

NASA Planetary Protection Policy



- The policy and its implementation requirements are embodied in NPD 8020.7G (NASA Administrator)
 - Planetary Protection Officer acts on behalf of the Aassociate Administrator for Science to maintain and enforce the policy
 - NASA obtains recommendations on planetary protection issues (requirements for specific bodies and mission types) from the National Research Council's Space Studies Board
 - Advice on policy implementation to be obtained from the NAC Planetary Protection Subcommittee
- Specific requirements for robotic missions are embodied in NPR 8020.12D (AA, SMD)
 - Encompasses all documentation and implementation requirements for forward and back-contamination control
- Draft NASA Procedural Requirements document for human exploration prepared, revisions in process (more tomorrow)

Role of PPS

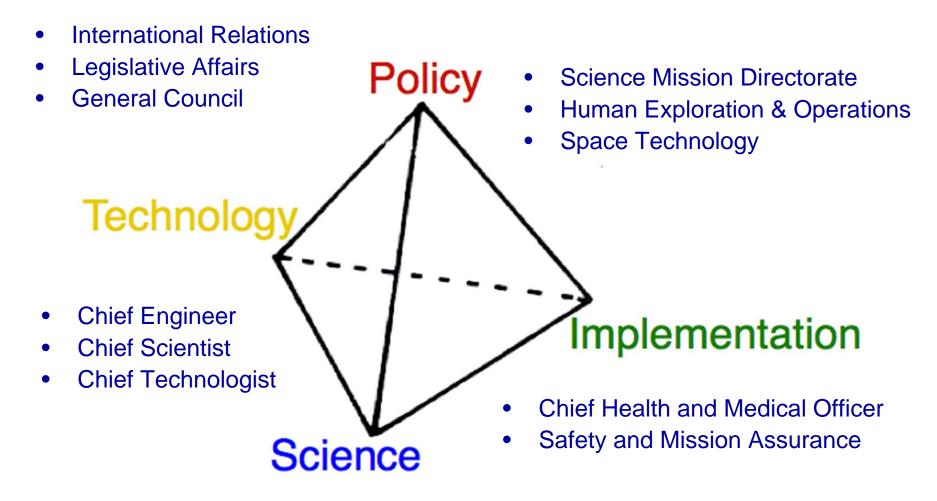


- Provides expert advice to NASA on planetary protection, as part of the NASA Advisory Council
 - Reviews mission activities and makes recommendations on implementation options
 - Considers and advises on specific points of policy that are below the resolution of international policy set by the Panel on Planetary Protection of the Committee on Space Research
 - Provides guidance regarding programmatic direction and issues of importance/relevance to future missions and implementation of planetary protection requirements

Planetary Protection within NASA



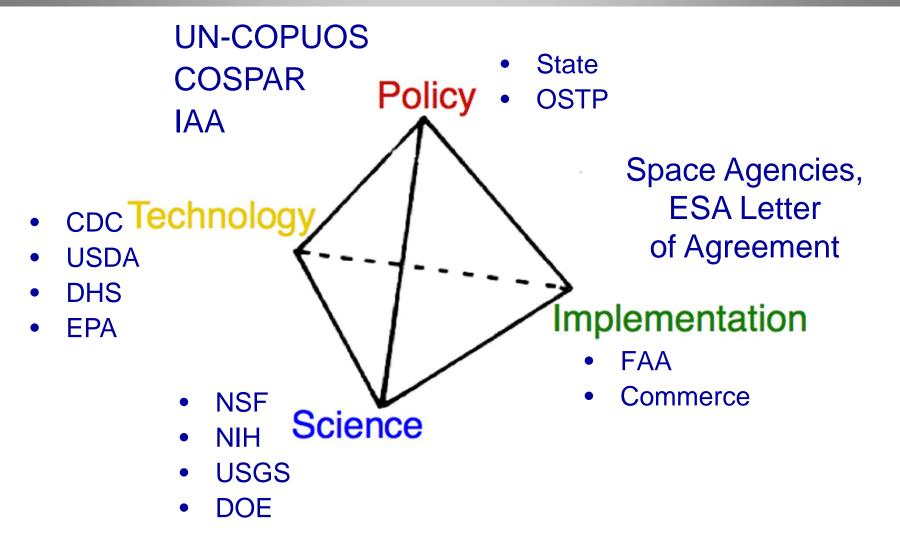




Coordination outside of NASA







Recent Recommendations

Planetary Protection



- Nov. '11 meeting, held jointly with ESA PPWG
 - Recommendations
 - Renew formal Letter of Agreement with ESA in work
 - Evaluate biological potential of the circum-Mars environment in work; next PPWG
 - Capture planetary protection lessons learned from MSL in work; this afternoon
 - Continue joint meetings with ESA scheduling needed; travel challenges
- May '12 meeting
 - Recommendation
 - NASA should develop a NPR for human extraterrestrial missions at a level corresponding to the current COSPAR planetary protection policy in work; tomorrow
 - Observations and information
 - Beneficial to involve the PPO in Mars Program Planning Group efforts
 - Concurred with JAXA's proposed classification of the Hayabusa-2 mission as Planetary Protection Category V, unrestricted Earth return formal memo completed
 - Concern expressed regarding resources and staff support for the PPO
- Nov. '12 meeting
 - No formal recommendations
 - Observations and information
 - Concern expressed regarding inclusion of planetary protection issues in the Office of Chief Engineer study on lessons learned from MSL update this afternoon

Updates to Policy and Requirements





- Joint ESF-SSB Study "MSR backward contamination Strategic advice and requirements" released in July '12
 - Led by ESF with SSB participation
 - Presented to advisory bodies:
 - Preliminary conclusions presented to PPS in May '12
 - Final report endorsed by PPWG in Nov. '12
 - Copies of final report distributed to PPS in Dec. '12: available now
 - Presented to SSB/CAPS in March '12
 - Recommendations incorporated into current planning for MSR
 - Anticipated presentation to COSPAR Assembly in 2014

Programmatic Concerns



- An increasing number of mission concepts target locations of concern for planetary protection, both Mars and Outer Planets
 - Technology development for planetary protection, beyond basic research, has historically been left to missions: better coordination in planetary protection technology development and facilities support is needed
 - Increased coordination between NASA's robotic and human spaceflight efforts in planning for missions to Mars will require additional effort to ensure adequate oversight and consultation on planetary protection
 - Increasing interest in exploration activities by multiple national and private organizations raises a range of concerns: e.g., international cooperation, commercial exploration, and historical/environmental protection

Current and Upcoming Missions



- Several missions in operation and in preparation have planetary protection considerations to watch
 - The Dawn asteroid orbiter mission must avoid possible contamination of Ceres: need to develop strategy for compliance
 - The InSight Mars mission selected by the Discovery Program needs planetary protection facilities during ATLO: facilities support still undefined
 - The Europa Clipper concept has significant planetary protection technology development needs: support still undefined
 - The OSIRIS-REx asteroid sample return mission faces organic contamination constraints driven by science, but relevant to future planetary protection implementation concerns: sample handling Centennial Challenge competition in development
 - Refinement of planetary protection requirements for a Mars Sample Return campaign has been ongoing since 2007: continuation of update activities is critical to ensure timely support of future mission needs

Planetary Protection Research



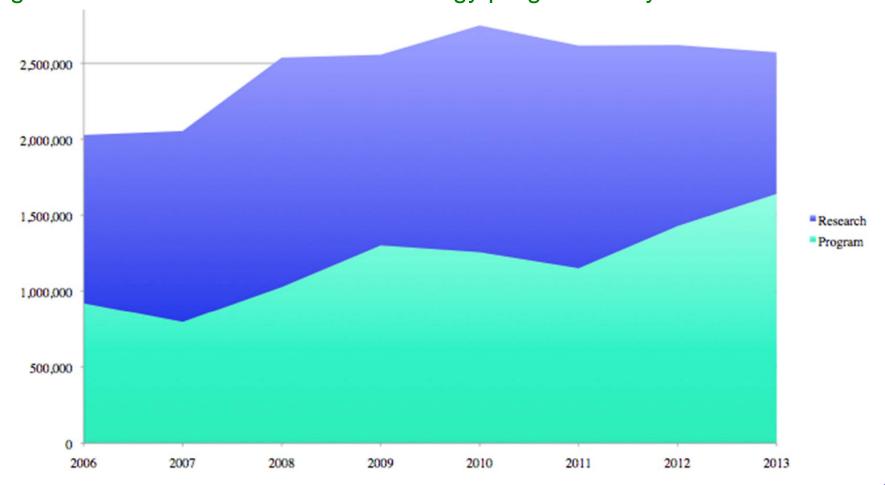
- Element of SMD ROSES call; solicits research that isn't covered by Astrobiology in these areas (13 awards total)
 - Characterizing the limits of life in laboratory simulations of planetary environments or in appropriate Earth analogs, particularly studies of the potential, distribution and dynamics of organism[s] (4 grants)
 - Modeling of planetary environmental conditions and transport processes that could permit mobilization of spacecraftassociated contaminants (2 grants)
 - Development or adaptation of modern molecular analytical methods to rapidly detect, classify, and/or enumerate the widest possible spectrum of Earth microbes ... and (4 grants)
 - New or improved methods, technologies, and procedures for spacecraft sterilization (3 grants)
- 21 proposals received to ROSES '12; 7 'selectable' letters sent

Planetary Protection Budget

Planetary Protection



Insufficient funds in FY13 PPR to select any new proposals; however, good coordination with other technology programs may fund some work.



Questions?

