



# NASA Citizen Science Resources for Learners

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NASA Citizen Science projects invite the public to join collaborative research efforts in astrophysics, biological and physical sciences, Earth science, heliophysics, and planetary science. Read more about NASA's citizen science program on the next page.

The table below lists those projects that have available resources for educators, along with the grade bands served, the applicable topic areas (using Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS)<sup>1</sup> Disciplinary Core Idea Domains), and any applicable standards to which the resources are reported to be aligned. Clicking on the project name (first column) will take you to a short description of the project's science goals, the project activity, and links to the project website and its educational materials. If you have questions about a specific resource listed, please address them to the project leader.

All projects require internet-connected computers to participate. **GLOBE Observer projects** (numbers 3 - 6, below) additionally require use of a mobile app, but do not require a signal in the field.

<i>NASA Citizen Science Project</i>	<i>K - 5</i>	<i>6-8</i>	<i>9-12</i>	<i>13-16</i>	<i>Standards Connections</i>
1. <a href="#">Snapshot Wisconsin</a>	LS	LS	LS		NGSS, AP, IB
2. <a href="#">GLOBE Clouds - GLOBE Observer app.</a>	ESS	ESS	ESS		NA
3. <a href="#">GLOBE Trees - GLOBE Observer app.</a>	ESS	ESS	ESS		NA
4. <a href="#">GLOBE Land Cover - GLOBE Observer app.</a>	ESS	ESS	ESS		NA
5. <a href="#">GLOBE Mosquito Habitat Mapper - GLOBE Observer app.</a>	ESS	ESS	ESS	ESS	NA
6. <a href="#">GLOBE CLOUD Gaze</a>	ESS	ESS	ESS		NGSS
7. <a href="#">Goldstone Apple Valley Radio Telescope (GAVRT)</a>	ESS	ESS	PS		NGSS
8. <a href="#">Growing Beyond Earth</a>		LS	LS		Florida State Stds
9. <a href="#">Planet Hunters TESS</a>		ESS		ESS	NGSS, CC ELA / Math
10. <a href="#">The International Astronomical Search Collaboration (IASC)</a>			ESS	ESS	NA
11. <a href="#">Radio JOVE</a>			PS	PS	NSES (1996)
12. <a href="#">Floating Forests</a>	ESS			ESS	NA

Primary NGSS DCI Domains: **LS** = Life Science **PS** = Physical Science **ESS** = Earth Space Science

Abbreviations: NGSS = Next Generation Science Standards, AP = Advanced Placement, IB = International Baccalaureate, CC = Common Core, ELA = English Language Arts, NSES = National Science Education Standards, NA = Not Applicable

<sup>1</sup> NGSS is a registered trademark of WestEd. Neither WestEd nor the lead states and partners that developed the Next Generation Science Standards were involved in the production of this product, and do not endorse it.

## More about NASA Citizen Science

Love NASA Science? Join a NASA Citizen Science Project! NASA citizen science projects are collaborations between scientists and interested members of the public. Through these collaborations, volunteers, or “citizen scientists,” have made thousands of important scientific discoveries, including:

- Hundreds of extrasolar planets
- Thousands of brown dwarf stars
- 100,000s of emperor penguin nests
- Most of the known comets
- A new kind of aurora phenomenon

NASA’s citizen scientists have learned about meteorites, mosquitos, and the surface of Mars. They are helping scientists predict dangers like landslides and air pollution and track global climate change impacts on lake levels, kelp forests, and coral reefs. They are searching NASA data for new worlds, asteroids, and comets. Along the way, many have co-authored publications in professional journals and made lasting friendships.

People like you join NASA citizen science projects every day. You can get to know some of them at [science.nasa.gov/citizenscientists](https://science.nasa.gov/citizenscientists). People with advanced degrees or other relevant training are welcome, but most projects require no prior knowledge, experience, or special tools beyond a computer or smartphone. NASA citizen science projects aim to teach you everything you need to know as you go along - so don’t worry if you never studied science or forgot what you learned in school.

Just be ready: NASA citizen science is the real thing. There are no guaranteed results, and sometimes the answers will remain unknown. But if you’re tired of reading about other people’s groundbreaking discoveries and wish to get involved, visit:

[science.nasa.gov/citizenscience](https://science.nasa.gov/citizenscience)

<a href="#"><b>1. Snapshot Wisconsin</b></a>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Easy
<b>Science goal:</b> Monitor Wisconsin wildlife year-round using a statewide network of trail cameras. Data gathered will help inform wildlife management decisions.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> There are two levels of participation available for this project. First, citizen scientists located anywhere can help identify wildlife captured by the statewide network of cameras. With multiple volunteers viewing each image, a highly accurate consensus is reached for each photo. Snapshot Wisconsin researchers are also available to help with tricky identifications on the website's talk board. Second, citizen scientists located in Wisconsin can apply to host their own Snapshot Wisconsin trail camera on private or public land in one of the statewide survey blocks, or to monitor a camera in an elk reintroduction area. Learn more about the requirements and complete an application <a href="#">here</a> .	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> <a href="#">Snapshot in the Classroom</a> (grades K-12) <span style="float: right;"><a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a></span>	

<a href="#"><b>2. GLOBE Clouds - GLOBE Observer app.</b></a>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Easy
<b>Science goal:</b> Determine the impact of clouds on local weather and Earth's climate system. Images taken by citizen scientists on the ground are used in conjunction with satellite images from above to gain a more complete picture of clouds in the atmosphere.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> Once you have downloaded the app and created an account, the Clouds tool will guide you through the observation process. Required data includes providing your location, reporting on overall cloud cover and surface conditions that can impact satellite observations. Optional (but very useful) data include cloud types, cloud opacity, sky conditions and visibility, then taking photos of what you see in the sky.	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> <a href="#">Resource Library</a> (grades K-12); <a href="#">Pacing guides</a> with recorded professional development webinars <span style="float: right;"><a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a></span>	

<a href="#"><b>3. GLOBE Trees - GLOBE Observer app.</b></a>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Easy
<b>Science goal:</b> Monitor how much carbon is being stored in terrestrial ecosystems, and how this could change as patterns of drought, fire, and forest ecosystems shift in a changing climate. Tree height data from citizen scientists helps validate satellite data.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> Once you have downloaded the app and created an account, the Trees tool will guide you through the observation process. Required steps include selecting a tree and using your device to measure the angle from the bottom to the top of the tree, walking to the tree and counting your steps (to determine the distance) and reporting on surface conditions. The app will use that information to calculate an estimate of the tree's height. Optional steps are taking a photograph of the tree and measuring the circumference of the tree.	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> <a href="#">Resource Library</a> (grades K-12); <a href="#">Pacing guides</a> with recorded professional development webinars <span style="float: right;"><a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a></span>	

<b><a href="#">4. GLOBE Land Cover - GLOBE Observer app.</a></b>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Easy
<p><b>Science goal:</b> Map changes in the landscape to prevent future disasters, monitor natural resources, and collect information on the environment. Ground observations from citizen scientists can provide reference data to help scientists interpret satellite data, improving the accuracy of maps created from remote sensing data and other products.</p>	
<p><b>Project Activity:</b> Once you have downloaded the app and created an account, the Land Cover tool will guide you through the observation process. You will report on current surface conditions, then take photographs in all four cardinal directions, up and down. Optionally, you can classify the land cover in your photographs, telling us if it is grassland, a forest or an urban area, as well as compare your classification to a satellite land cover observation and note any differences.</p>	
<p><b>Curricular Resources:</b> <a href="#">Resource Library</a> (grades K-12); <a href="#">Pacing guides</a> with recorded professional development webinars <a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a></p>	

<b><a href="#">5. GLOBE Mosquito Habitat Mapper - GLOBE Observer app.</a></b>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Easy
<p><b>Science goal:</b> Monitor where mosquitoes and larvae have been observed in order to determine when outbreaks of disease such as malaria or dengue most likely will occur, or when chemical or other controls will be most effective.</p>	
<p><b>Project Activity:</b> Once you have downloaded the app and created an account, the Mosquito Habitat Mapper tool will guide you through the observation process. The main required element is to look for a possible mosquito breeding habitat (standing water or somewhere water could collect), and report if you see any mosquito larvae in the water. Optionally, you can sample and count the larvae and try to identify the mosquito type, both of which will require additional equipment.</p>	
<p><b>Curricular Resources:</b> <a href="#">Resource Library</a> (grades K-12). <a href="#">Pacing guides</a> with recorded professional development webinars. Undergraduate <a href="#">resources</a> developed with faculty from Shaw University. <a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a></p>	

<b><a href="#">6. GLOBE CLOUD Gaze</a></b>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Easy
<p><b>Science goal:</b> Classify cloud types and coverage in GLOBE Cloud images to better investigate the impact of clouds on local weather and Earth’s climate system.</p>	
<p><b>Project Activity:</b> Identify cloud types (What Do You See? interactive) and estimate the amount of sky covered by clouds (Cloud Cover interactive) in sky image data contributed to the <a href="#">GLOBE Clouds - GLOBE Observer App</a> by volunteers.</p>	
<p><b>Curricular Resources:</b> <a href="#">NASA GLOBE Clouds One-Week Pacing Guide: Cloud Types featuring NASA GLOBE CLOUD GAZE</a> Presents a 1-week module for elementary and middle grades, with additional resources provided for high school and adult audiences. <a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a></p>	

<b><a href="#">7. GAVRT</a></b>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Moderate
<b>Science goal:</b> Inspire and enrich student learning through their active contribution to professional science. The GAVRT Project is a partnership between NASA/JPL and the Lewis Center for Educational Research.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> The GAVRT program allows you and your students to operate a 34 meter (112 foot) radio telescope from your classroom. Partnered with scientists and other observatories from around the world, you will do real research and exploration. We cannot predict exactly what you will see! Available projects include studying black holes, planets, and helping to monitor the health of spacecraft.	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> Resources provided after short online orientation ( <a href="#">sign up here</a> ) (grades 5-12). <a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a>	

<b><a href="#">8. Growing Beyond Earth (GBE)</a></b>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Moderate
<b>Science goal:</b> Develop technologies for growing food crops for long-duration missions into deep space.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> Growing Beyond Earth (GBE) engages classrooms in research to identify and develop plants suitable for growth and consumption during space travel. The project challenges classrooms to conduct a series of plant growth experiments using equipment similar to the Vegetable Production System (Veggie) on the International Space Station.	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> Interested teachers (grades 6-12) will first need to complete the <a href="#">GBE Inquiry Form</a> . Once accepted, teachers attend a mandatory training workshop, and Fairchild Tropical Botanic Garden will send all the materials necessary to construct the Vegetable Production System and start growing plants and running experiments. Curricular guide included. (grades 6-12) <a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a>	

<b><a href="#">9. Planet Hunters TESS</a></b>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Moderate
<b>Science goal:</b> Discover planetary systems and explore the formation and evolution of these worlds by helping analyze data from a survey of 200,000 nearby stars made by NASA's Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite (TESS) mission.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> As a planet passes in front of (or transits) its parent star, it blocks out a small amount of the star's light. The satellite measures light from nearby stars over a period of time, generating graphical displays called light curves (light vs. time). The citizen scientist looks for points on the lightcurve that appear lower than the rest, potentially indicating a transiting planet.	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> For middle school classrooms (grades 6-8), see the <a href="#">Educator Guide</a> (nine distinct lessons). Undergraduate curriculum available on the <a href="#">Zooniverse Classroom webpages</a> . <a href="#">BACK TO TOP↑</a>	

<a href="#"><u>10. International Astronomical Search Collaboration (IASC)</u></a>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Moderate
<b>Science goal:</b> Search recent images made by major observatories for previously unidentified asteroids.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> Computers search data collected through the major sky survey telescopes for asteroids. Many are found this way, but many are missed. The IASC makes the data available for more careful manual observation. Thus far, student citizen scientists have discovered 1,500 main belt asteroids, including two earth threatening Near Earth Objects, seven trans-Neptunian objects, and one Jupiter family comet. Using special software, students will compare astronomical images for the purpose of discovering objects moving across the frames. This project trains participants to utilize the Astrometrica software to search for asteroids or trans-Neptunian objects (TNOs).	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> While no formal curricular resources are available, IASC provides software, ready-to-analyze data, and instructions on how to use in the high school classroom setting. Fill out the <a href="#"><u>register</u></a> form and submit as instructed to begin using IASC. (grades 9 and up) <a href="#"><u>BACK TO TOP↑</u></a>	

<a href="#"><u>12. Radio JOVE</u></a>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Moderate-Challenging
<b>Science goal:</b> Detect and analyze radio frequency signals emanating from Jupiter and the Sun to better understand their magnetic fields and plasma environments.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> Radio Jove invites citizen scientists to build a radio telescope from a kit (purchase required) to use for personal studies, or to engage with data collected by radio telescopes. For those unfamiliar with radio astronomy, the <a href="#"><u>Radio Jove FAQ page</u></a> and the <a href="#"><u>Joining In page</u></a> are useful places to start.	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> <a href="#"><u>Lesson plans</u></a> (grades 9 and up) <a href="#"><u>BACK TO TOP↑</u></a>	

<a href="#"><u>12. Floating Forests</u></a>	<b>Ease of Implementation:</b> Moderate
<b>Science goal:</b> Monitor changes in kelp forests around the globe to determine the health, resilience, and productivity of coastal ecosystems.	
<b>Project Activity:</b> Human activities have long overlapped with kelp forests, and now more people than ever live in coastal cities. Scientists want to find out if the growth and development of these cities has affected the health of the nearby kelp forests. Kelp shows up in Landsat images as light green patches along coastlines. These patches can be large or small, and can be very faint. This variation is why help is needed from citizen scientists. Participants will indicate whether there are kelp present or not.	
<b>Curricular Resources:</b> <a href="#"><u>Blog post</u></a> by 2nd grade teacher Fran Wilson describes how she incorporated Floating Forest into her teaching. Undergraduate curriculum available on the <a href="#"><u>Zooniverse Classroom webpages</u></a> . <a href="#"><u>BACK TO TOP↑</u></a>	