AAAC Proposal Pressures Study Group

Priscilla Cushman (AAAC Chair)

University of Minnesota

March 17, 2015 NASA APS Meeting

AAAC Proposal Pressures Study Group

Established Summer 2014

Gather relevant proposal and demographic data from both the agencies and the community in order to understand how the funding environment over the last 10 years has affected researchers and projects. We will compare funding models across agencies and determine appropriate metrics for evaluating success. This will allow us to provide data-driven projections of the impact of such trends in the future, as well as that of any proposed solutions.

Members

Priscilla Cushman (AAAC Chair) Minnesota. Jim Buckley (AAAC) Washington U. Angela Olinto (AAAC) Chicago Todd Hoeksema (AAS CAPP) Stanford James Lowenthal (AAS CAPP) Smith College Brad Peterson (NASA NAC) Ohio State Keivan Stassun (APS) Vanderbilt University

Agency Contact Persons

NSF/AST: Jim Ulvestad, (Daniel Evans)

NSF/PHY PA: Jim Whitmore, Jean Cottam

NASA/APD: Paul Hertz, Hashima Hasan,

Linda Sparke

DOE/HEP Cosmic Frontier: Kathy Turner

NASA/HPD: Arik Posner

NASA /PSD: Jonathan Rall

AAS: Joel Parriott

NRC (NAC): David Lang, James Lancaster

What Population Pressures?

Rising Number of Proposals + Budget not keeping up

Declining selection rates

Many areas of scientific research are experiencing this trend

AAAC interacts primarily with NSF/AST, NASA/APD, DOE/HEP Cosmic Frontier but there is increasing overlap with NSF/PHY program in particle astrophysics and gravitational physics, planetary and helio science in both NSF and NASA, and the NSF polar program.

Collect data from:

NSF Division of Astronomical Sciences: Very extensive database, all proposals traced by http://www.nsf.gov/attachments/131083/public/ reviewer and proposer. Demographic data kept.

<u>Dan-Evans AST Individual Investigator Programs-</u> AAAC Meetina.pdf

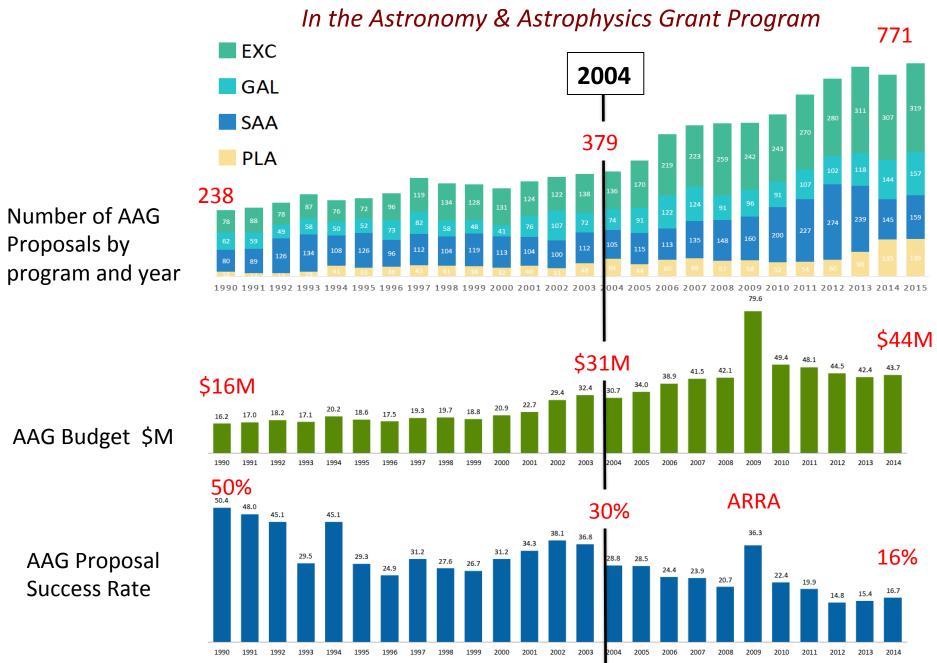
Queries need to be properly formulated.

NSF Division of Physics: Access to NSF database, but not as extensively mined.

NASA Astrophysics: Segregated by competition. (e.g. linking ATP-2012 with anything else has to be done by hand). Some has been done for certain years, but trends are more difficult. Demographic data is not available.

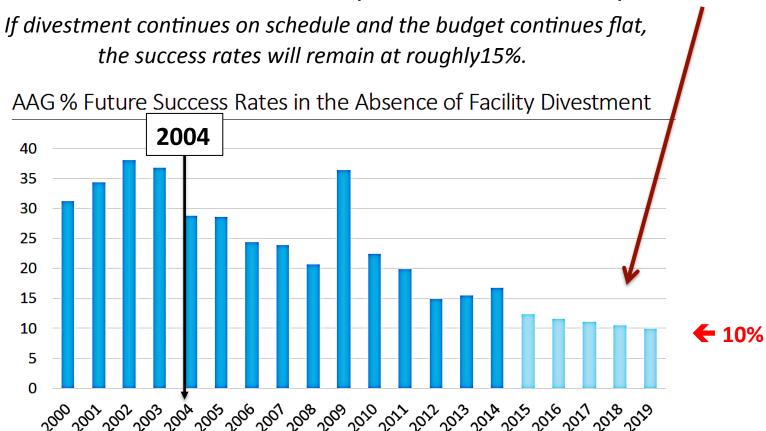
DOE High Energy Physics: Hard to connect new comparative review process (2012) to old. Mostly spreadsheet data from the proposal panel organizers.

Proposal Pressure in NSF/AST



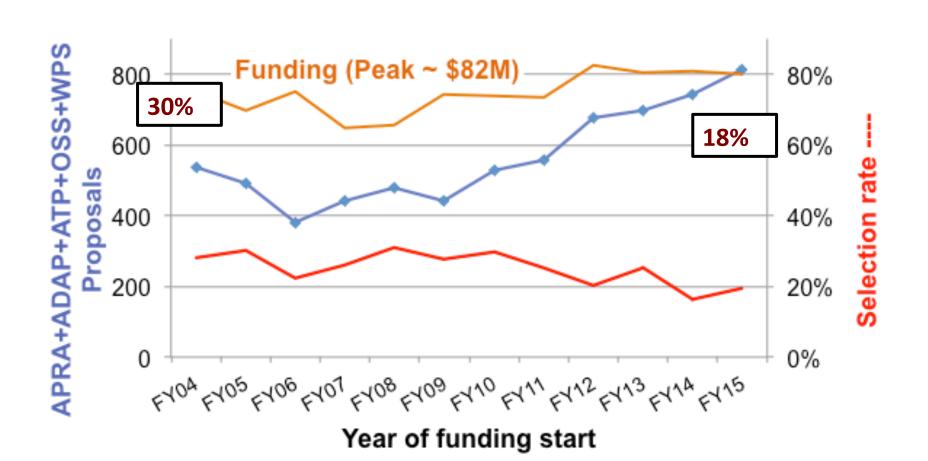
Proposal Pressure in NSF/AST

Divestment of Facilities will help, but not solve the problem



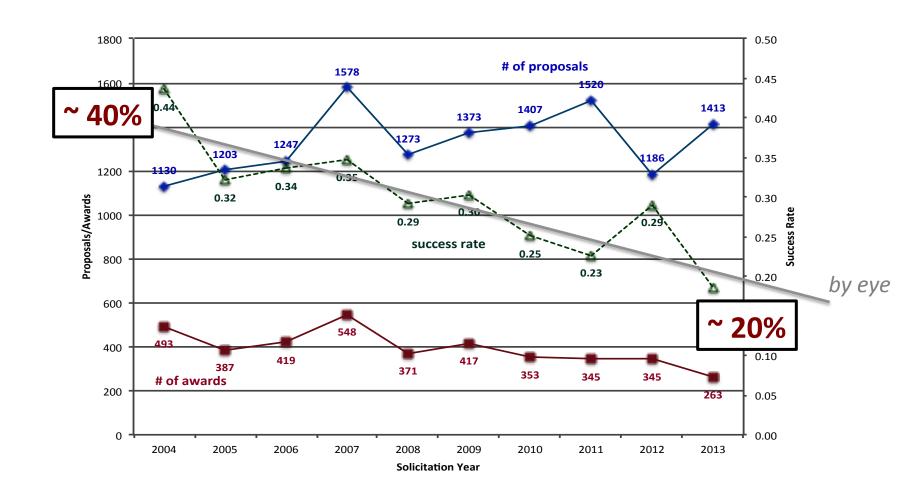
Projected NSF/AST (AAG) proposal success rate in the absence of facility divestment.

Proposal Pressure in NASA/APD



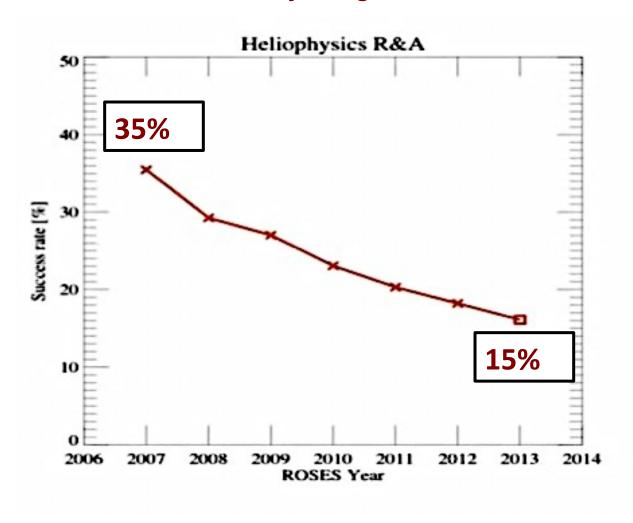
Proposal Pressure in NASA Planetary Science

Budget (inflation-adjusted): \$1,731M (2004) → \$1,380M (2015)



Proposal Pressure in Heliophysics (NASA)

Overall Selection Rate is falling across NASA/HPD ROSES



Only full proposals, not step-1 proposals

But its complicated: Breakdown by Program

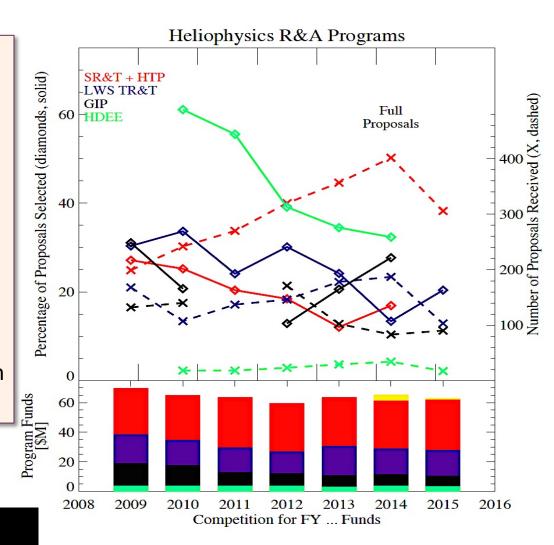
Avg size of annual awards increased

Over 50% of these are "unique PI" i.e. the only proposal submitted

The more programs open, the higher the multiple proposal submissions

The balance in gender ~83% male - if identified!

Heliophysics Guest Investigator Program suspended in 2011



Heliophysics Guest Investigator program.

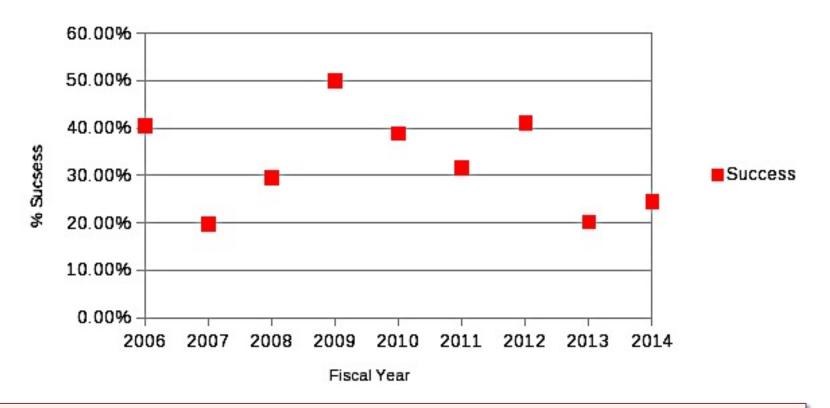
Living With a Star Targeted Research and Technology program.

Heliophysics Supporting Research and Technology program Heliophysics Theory program.

Heliophysics Data Environment Enhancements program.

SR&T Heliophysics Cubesats

Proposal Pressure in NSF Heliophysics



<u>Proposals submitted to NSF/AGS Solar-Terrestrial Research Program</u>

Evolved and grown somewhat since 2009, but highly variable.

The number of awards averaged about 25

Average award size has grown from \$90K/yr (2009) to \$114K/year (2014)

Proposal Pressure in NSF/PHY Particle Astrophysics

Astronomy and Astrophysics with Particles (began in 2000)
PA budget has been a steady percentage of the NSF/PHY budget, around 7%

cosmic rays (Auger)
gamma-rays (VERITAS, HAWC)

cosmic neutrinos (IceCube)
dark matter (Xenon, SuperCDMS)

2005 → 2014 Number of proposals doubled (from 30 to 70)

Funding increased ~34%

Average success rate: 45% (2005-7) -> 39% (2012-2014)

FY	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
NSF (\$M)	5481	5646	5884	6084	8870	7572	6913	7105	6902	7172
PHY (\$M)					358		281	280	253	266
PHY-PA (\$M)	14.7	15.9	16.1	15.8	31.2	17.9	19.2	17.7	18.8	19.7
#grants (incl suppl and			84	83	104	110	96	144	127	133
CGIs)										
#PIs			74	75	101	134	126	122	121	114
Success Rate (%)	27	57	51	46	73	71	52	54	31	33
Grants vs Facility:							3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45
IceCube M&O (\$M)										

DOE High Energy Physics at the Cosmic Frontier

Success rates much higher. Proposal Acceptance going up but may be ~ 50% in FY15

Mostly block grants with multiple Pls.

Stable number of Universities, applying every 3 yrs, staggered by years

\$\$ awarded depends on who is up for renewal

Comparative review process began in 2012

Energy, Intensity, Cosmic separately reviewed

DOE CF university research grants in \$K CF Univ grants - total \$ CF Univ grants - \$ funded for new CR grants this FY CF Univ grants - \$ requested for new CR grants this FY	FY12 12861 1605 3487	FY13 12222 3410 7700	FY14 13157 4270 7500	
DOE CF # new grants #CF Univ grant CR proposals funded #CF Univ grant CR proposals reviewed #CF Univ grant CR proposals success rate	FY12 10 6 60%	FY13 28 18 64%	FY14 28 19 68%	

Summary of Population Pressure

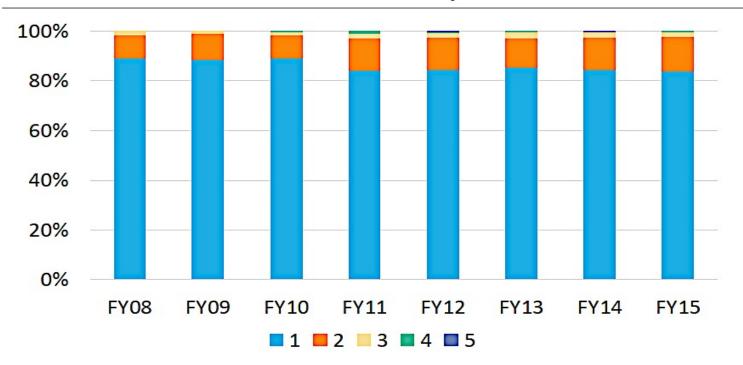
- The proposal selection rate for NSF Astronomical Sciences and NASA Astrophysics has dropped from approximately 30% to 15% in the last decade.
- Similar trends observed in NASA Heliophysics and Planetary Science Divisions
- Trends can be seen overall, but details in individual programs are complicated Programmatic changes or cancellations/suspensions Less statistics Size of awards
- NSF Particle Astrophysics and Heliophysics programs are highly variable Again, program size makes statistics difficult Trend is downward
- DOE High Energy Physics Program has a different funding model Success rate has stayed stable above 50% in Cosmic Frontier Only 3 years of comparative review panel data available

Next, drill down to understand demographics

Most NSF/AST and NASA/APD Proposals are Single Proposals

Proposal Increase → The actual number of Unique PIs is going up

Number of Submissions per PI - AAG



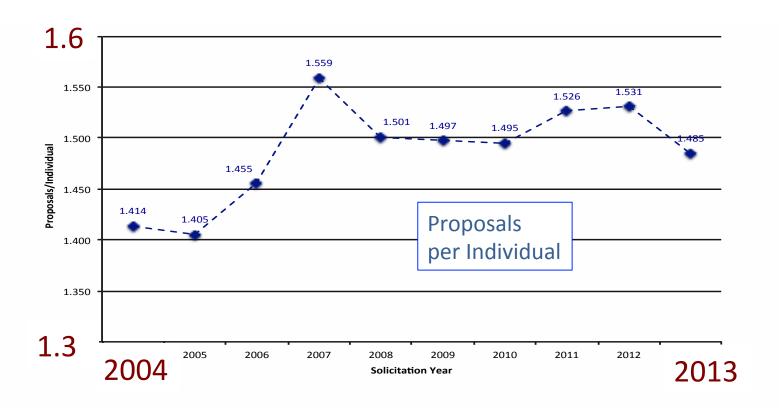
NSF Astronomy

Only ~ 15% Multiple Proposals

Multiple Proposals in NSF Planetary Sciences

NASA/PSD funding is distributed over 34 programs

Multiple proposals rose from 40% to 60% starting around 2005



Recently began using two-step process, where

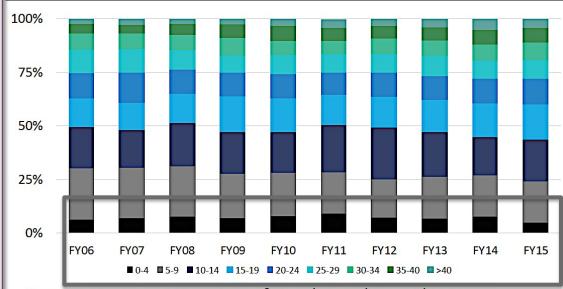
First Step = Direct proposals to the proper program and look for largely identical proposals submitted more than once

Fraction of Proposals by age of PI (NSF/AST)

No "Postdoc Problem"

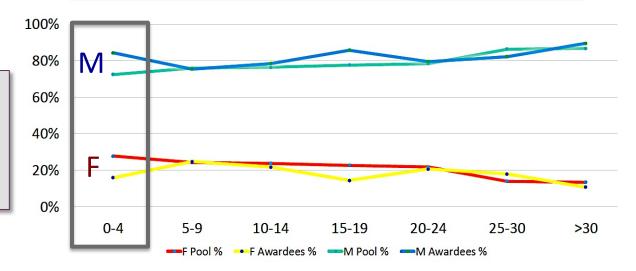
The suggestion that recent generous postdoc fellowship programs and targeted encouragement have boosted one segment of the population that is now moving through the system as an increased PI pool ... is NOT true.

Years Post-PhD of AAG Principal Investigators



Success Rates as a Function of Gender and Post-PhD Years — AAG FY11-14

Result doesn't depend on gender. Slight increase in women in the younger pool is encouraging.



Fraction of Proposals by age of PI

NSF/PHY Particle Astrophysics is slightly different

	Prof	Assoc	Assist	Research	Female	Male	Number of	Total
		Prof	Prof	Personnel			proposals with at	proposals
							least one Co-PI	
FY2008	31	7	5	2	5 (11%)	40	24	45
FY2014	35	12	18	5	17 (24%)	53	23	70

	>24 yrs	20-24	16-20	12-16	8-12	4-8	0-4 years	Total
FY2008	<1984	'84-'88	'88-'92	'92-'96	'96-2000	2000-2004	2004-2008	
	21	4	8	5	4	2	1	45
FY2014	<1990	'90-'94	'94-'98	'98-2002	2002-2006	2006-1010	2010-2014	
	27	10	5	9	10	8	1	70

Fraction of women Pis is rising: 11% (2008) → 24% (2014).

Fraction of younger PIs is rising: 10% (2008) → 27% (2014)

defined as <12 years from PhD.

Low statistics

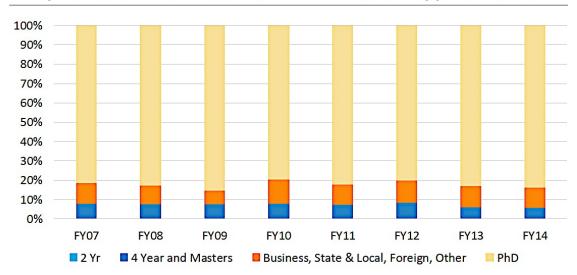
BUT 2008 NSF/PHY PA proposers is heavily weighted toward senior PIs. 2014 NSF/PHY PA age fraction now matches the more stable NSF/AST distribution.

Institutional Affiliation (NSF/AST and NASA)

Suggestion:

More proposers from smaller non-traditional institutions? **NOT true.**

Proposals from Different Institution Types – AAG



Year	Very H	ligh Research (107 in	•	ersities			Research Institutes			
	Public		Private		Other Universities		NASA operated or funded**		Other***	
	# Grants	# Unique Institutions	# Grants	# Unique Institutions	# Grants	# Unique Institutions	# Grants	# Unique Institutions	# Grants	# Unique Institutions
2010	53	27	24	10	14	10	18	4	14	9
2011	46	26	23	13	14	12	15	5	30	15
2012	48	21	26	15	10	10	22	5	20	11
2013*	22	15	15	9	9	6	5	2	13	7

^{*}Does not include APRA, which was carried over to 2014

^{**} Includes NASA field centers plus JPL and STScI

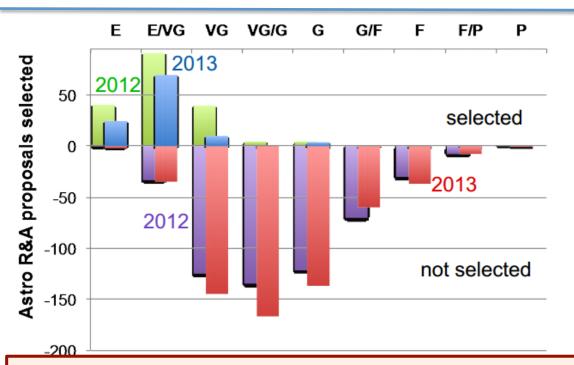
^{***} Includes, e.g., SAO, Carnegie, SwRI, LBNL

Is the number of Excellent Proposals funded going down?

Quantifying this takes a figure of merit

Reviewer rating is not a good merit indicator for NSF or DOE/HEP Cosmic Frontier NASA reviewer ratings are more reliable,

but anecdotal evidence for NSF and DOE is in line with data from NASA



2012 -> 2013

Fraction of proposals rated ≥ VG

46.7% **→** 41.9% (-10%)

Decrease in success rate ≥ VG

51% **→** 39% (-24%)

All SMD ROSES: Number of funded proposals in the VG category was 45% in 2007-2008 Funded from Plot : 25% VG (2012) → 7% (2013)

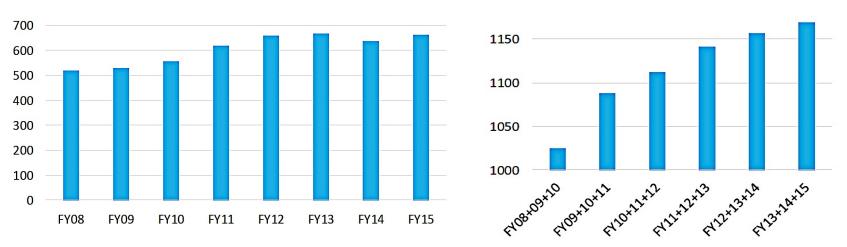
The Loss is in the VG category, while VG/E and E remain stable at >75% and >90% respectively

Is Selection Rate being driven by Repeat Proposals?

Number of unique PI per year > 1/3 of unique PI over 3 yr



Number of Unique Proposers over a 3-yr cycle



Unsuccessful proposals are being resubmitted.

Modeling the data:

- Number of non-repeat proposals remains steady.
- Successful ones removed from pool, unsuccessful ones reapply next year
- Apply the actual success rates each year to the mix of new and repeat proposals.
- A best fit → 70% of the unsuccessful proposals reapply in the following year.
- If repeats at at 50% in 2008, by 2014 repeats will be at 60%

Evil spiral: Ever more unique Pis reapply in consecutive years, accelerating the rise in proposal numbers and falling selection rate

Summary of Demographics Only collected for NSF and NASA

- ➤ The number of proposers is going up, not just the number of proposals. Multiple proposals from the same PI is mostly not a driver
- The rise in the number of proposers is not coming disproportionately from new assistant professors or research scientists or from non-traditional institutions
- > They do not represent a shift in gender or race
- The merit category that is being depleted has a rating of VG Very Good proposals are not being funded
- Unsuccessful proposals are being resubmitted at a higher rate

Impact on Agencies (NSF/AST)

Managing review panels.

NSF/AST staff FTEs have remained relatively flat

But they are running more panels

Each panel has a higher number of proposals.

Organization and execution of each panel takes 130+ hours (NSF Program Officer)

"NSF has developed new tools to optimize internal review processes, but another 30% increase in proposal volume over the next five years would not be sustainable."

Recruitment of reviewers and Conflict of Interest

An individual listed as PI or co-PI on an NSF/AST AAG proposal cannot serve as a reviewer.

- 1,100 qualified individuals are prohibited from joining a panel.
- Hard to find un-conflicted senior members of the community to join the panels.
- Declining reviewer acceptance rates; 20-25% of reviewers agree to serve
- > Drives up the time program staff spend on appointing panelists.

Impact on Agencies (NASA/APD)

(statistics courtesy of H. Hasan)

COST (2014)

832 proposals handled in core R&A programs.

Estimated cost: ~ \$ 3M

NASA staff time, direct expenses for reviewer travel, meeting space, plan, execute, and document the evaluation and selection process

Basis of estimate clearly delineated in spreadsheet.

this cost does not include the cost of the GO program TAC reviews that handle three times as many proposals

FINDING REVIEWERS

Statistics currently: 50% of prospective reviewers accept when asked 4-6 mo.

20% when asked 3-4 weeks ahead

Will this change in the future?

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Currently not a problem.

COI issues can often be mitigated by putting the reviewer on a different panel from the problematic proposal

Impact on Researchers

Requires a Survey

Draft a set of questions in conjunction with AAS (Todd Hoeksema, James Lowenthal)
Put in a Proposal to AAS for preparing a Survey
If accepted, AAS provides funding to AIP to
professionally develop and manage and administer survey

```
II. Career Info
What is your current employment status?
(grad student, postdoc, research staff, tenure-track faculty, tenured faculty)
At what kind of institution are you employed?
   -- Research university with graduate department
   -- Primarily undergraduate institution
   -- Private observatory
   -- NASA center
   -- National observatory
   -- Industry (aerospace; optics; detector technology...)
More demographic info:
     -- How long since PhD?
     -- Looking for permanent job?
     -- If postdoc, how many previous postdoc positions?
```

Ftc...

Impact on Researchers

Requires a Survey

Is any of your regular salary currently from PI grant support? Do not include academic summer salary.

```
If yes,
```

- -- What is the funding agency or agencies?
- -- What percent of your salary comes from those grants?
- -- Were you a PI, a Co-I, or neither (for each grant)?

If your salary is a 9-month academic salary, do you currently (or within last xx years?) have grant support for summer salary?

If yes,

- -- what is the funding agency or agencies?
- -- what percent of your summer salary comes from those grants?
- -- Were you a PI, a Co-I, or neither (for each grant)?

III. Grant application history:

On how many grant applications to each of the following have you served as PI during the last 5 years? How may were approved?

[Include formula-driven grants such as HST, Spitzer...?]

Agency Requests Approved

NSF AST NASA [div/branch?] DOE

Etc...

Impact on Researchers Requires a Survey

A series of multiple choice statements with 5 choices.

Etc...

FUTURE PLANS

- Survey administered this summer to AAS, APS members
- Continue to refine data from Agencies
- Final Report by end of calendar year

Our hope is to have data-driven answers

Not on what the agencies SHOULD do,

but what are the likely results of Actions like

- Do nothing
 - RFP every other year
 - Limit number of proposals per PI
 - Limit funding available per proposal
 - Initiate pre-proposals or sifting method Other...?