

#### **EXPLORE**



MARS SAMPLE RETURN SCIENCE PLANNING: AN UPDATE



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# First Sample Return From Another Planet

Vision and Vovages (2011): "It is widely accepted within the Mars science community that the highest science return on investment for understanding Mars as a planetary system will result from analysis of samples carefully selected from sites that have the highest scientific potential and that are returned to Earth for intensive study using advanced analytical techniques."

For human exploration: "[MSR] will provide crucial data for landing significant mass, executing surface ascent and return to Earth, and identifying potential hazards and resources."

Origins, Worlds, and Life (2022): "The committee reaffirms the broad and fundamental scientific importance of Mars Sample Return recognized in Vision and Voyages, the 2018 Decadal Midterm Review, and the 2020 IRB Report. MSR will enable investigations to address many fundamental issues, including crucial elements of Q3 through Q6, Q10, and Q11. ... As such, the committee finds that the aspirational, groundbreaking MSR campaign plays an appropriately central role in the research strategy for planetary science and astrobiology in the next decade."

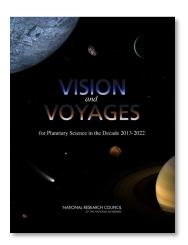
## MSR: A Long-Held Community Priority

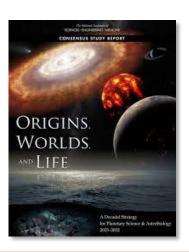
# Vision and Voyages for Planetary Science in the Decade (2013–2022)

 The highest-priority flagship mission for the decade 2013–2022 is MAX-C [Perseverance], which will begin the NASA-ESA Mars Sample Return Campaign

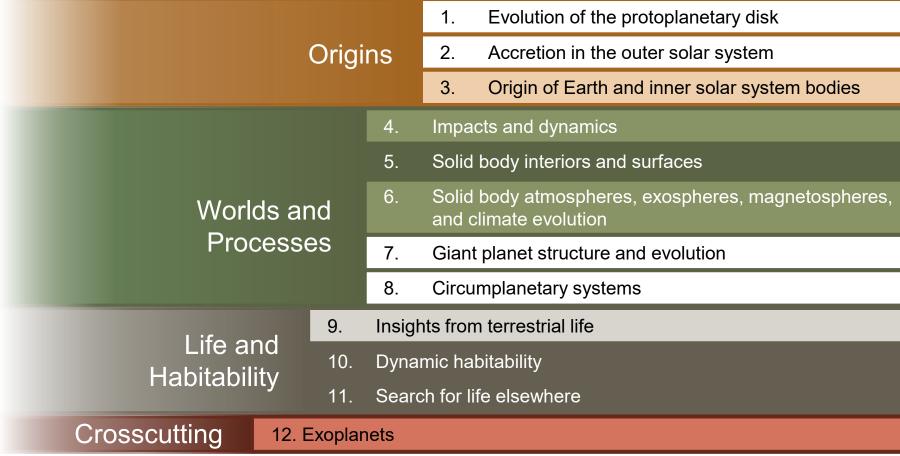
# Origins, Worlds, and Life (Decadal Strategy for Planetary Science and Astrobiology, 2023–2032)

 The highest scientific priority of NASA's robotic exploration efforts this decade should be completion of Mars Sample Return as soon as is practicably possible with no increase or decrease in its current scope.



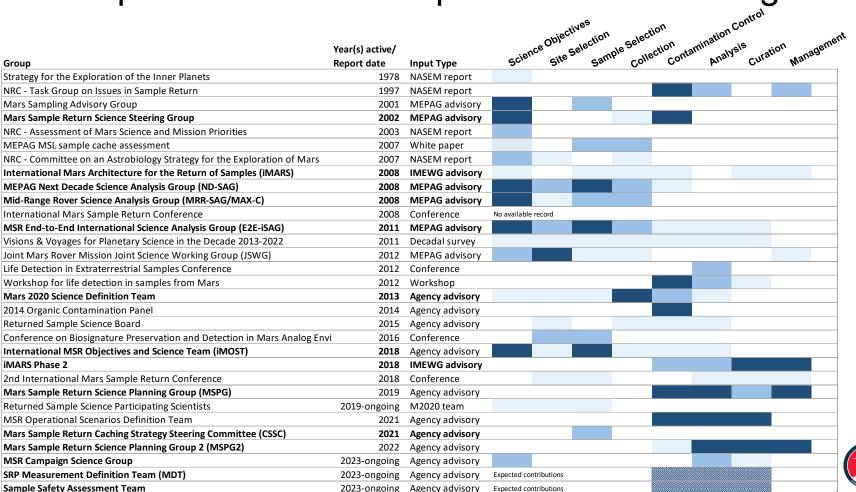


MSR remains a top priority, recommended in successive decadal surveys despite being one of the largest, most complex NASA missions ever



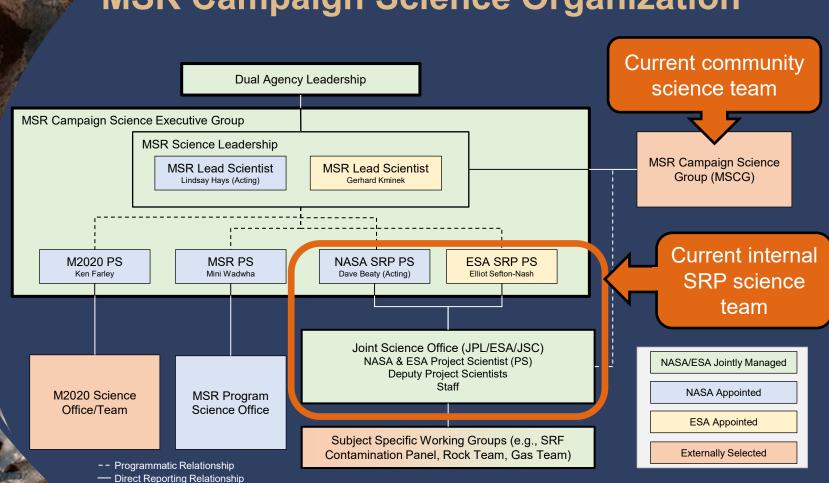


### Inputs into MSR Sample Science Planning





### **MSR Campaign Science Organization**



### MSR Campaign Science Group Overview

- Competitively selected group of community experts that can be drawn upon by the MSR Campaign for scientific assessment, input, and recommendations
- Represents the scientific interests of the broad international science community who are stakeholders in the scientific planning for MSR, until such time as investigation PIs & MSR Sample Science Team (MSST) are selected
- Not empowered with decisional authority on agency matters; they
  provide the highest-level expert assessment available
- MCSG Reports to the MSR Campaign Lead Scientists, while the Joint Science Office (JSO) coordinates and supports MCSG activities

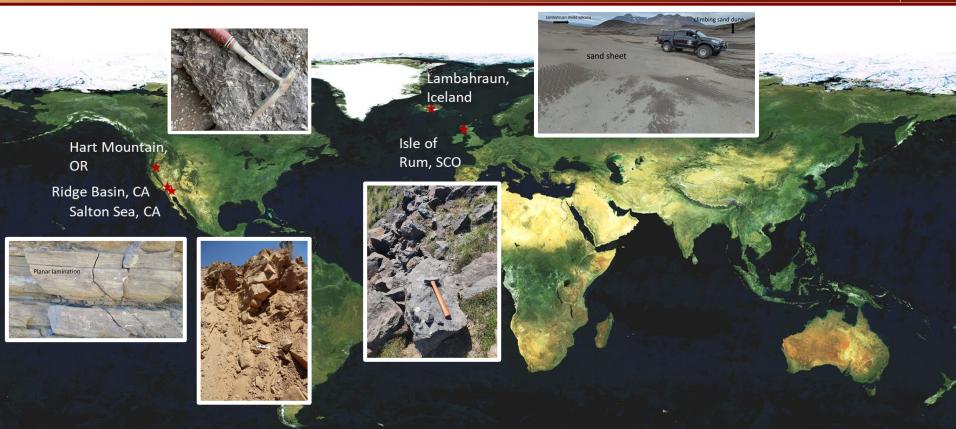
### MSR Campaign Science Group (MCSG)

- MSR Campaign Science Group Face to Face Meeting was held on Feb 27-29 at ESTEC.
- Main topics included:
  - Review of MDT and SSAP findings
  - Review of SRF Contamination Panel final report
  - MSR Science communication strategy
  - Discussion on analogue samples

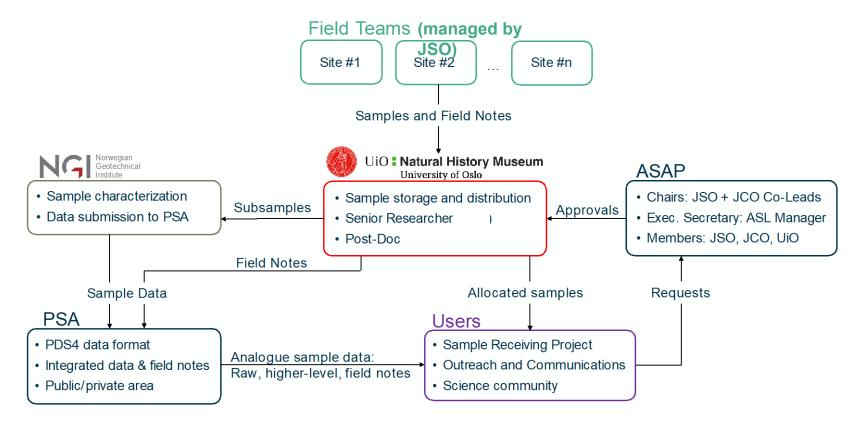
#### **Selected Analogue Sites – Field Campaign 2023**



Mars Sample Return



#### Mars Sample Return Analogue Sample Library





#### Task 1: Overarching Investigation Strategy

Determine options and priorities for activities inside and outside the SRF, providing a narrative rationale for the scientific basis underpinning the proposed investigations.

#### Task 2: Measurement Traceability Matrices

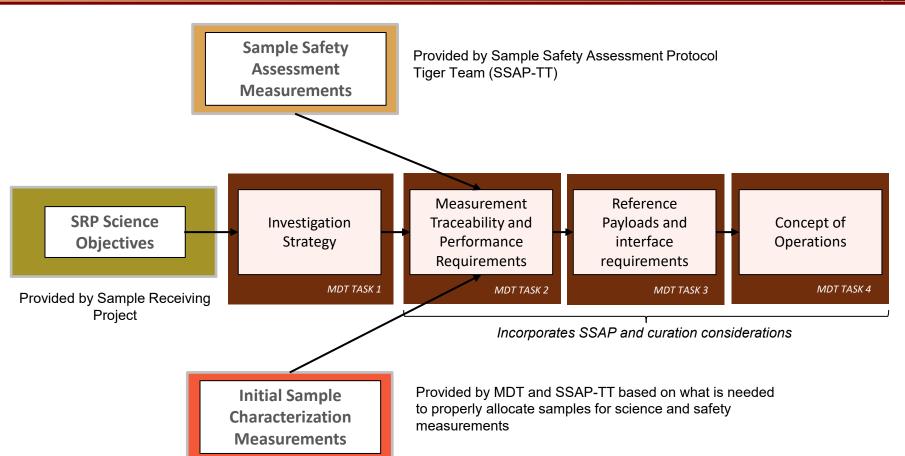
Develop traceability matrices flowing from objectives to investigations to measurements and required capabilities within the SRF.

#### Task 3: Reference Instrument Set

Provide description of proposed suite of instruments capable of collecting the needed measurements as well as interface requirements and any special accommodation considerations.

#### Task 4: Concept of Operations (ConOps)

Describe a feasible model concept of operations of activities to be conducted within the SRF that will maximize overall science return.



- Task: Define a proposed set of total terrestrial <u>biological</u>, <u>organic and inorganic</u> <u>contamination limits</u> for the samples' processing flow in the SRF, up to the point of allocation for analyses.
- Define separate contamination limits for subsamples that are targeted for:
  - Organic or biological analyses
  - Inorganic analyses
  - Samples or subsamples that may eventually be used for any type of analysis (e.g., samples or subsamples whose eventual usage hasn't yet been defined)

