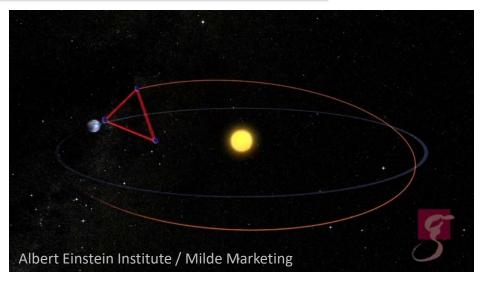
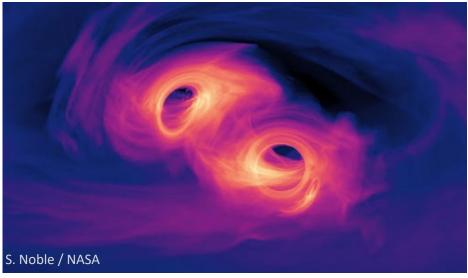
Laser Interferometer Space Antenna

Ira Thorpe, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center
NASA Astrophysics Advisory Committee Meeting
Washington, DC – March 21st, 2024









Talk Outline

- Highlights of recent developments
- NASA's Plan for LISA
- Formation of LISA Science Team
- Plans for Science Ground Segment

2024.03.21 NASA APAC - LISA

Astro 2020 & LISA



From § 1.6

NASA's Program of Record. NASA's upcoming Roman Space Telescope, and ESA's Athena X-ray Observatory and LISA mission, in which NASA is a significant partner, are essential to the survey's science program. Advice on how to optimize the science return includes: holding a non-advocate review of Roman Space Telescope's science program to set the appropriate mix of survey time to guest investigator-led observing programs; and at the appropriate time, establishing funding for LISA science at a level that ensures U.S. scientists can fully participate in LISA analysis, interpretation, and theory.

NASA HQ and NASA LISA Study Office have been working hard towards realizing the goal of maximizing US participation in LISA science.



LISA's Recent Programmatic History



GWs selected as AO issued for science theme for 3rd L-class mission

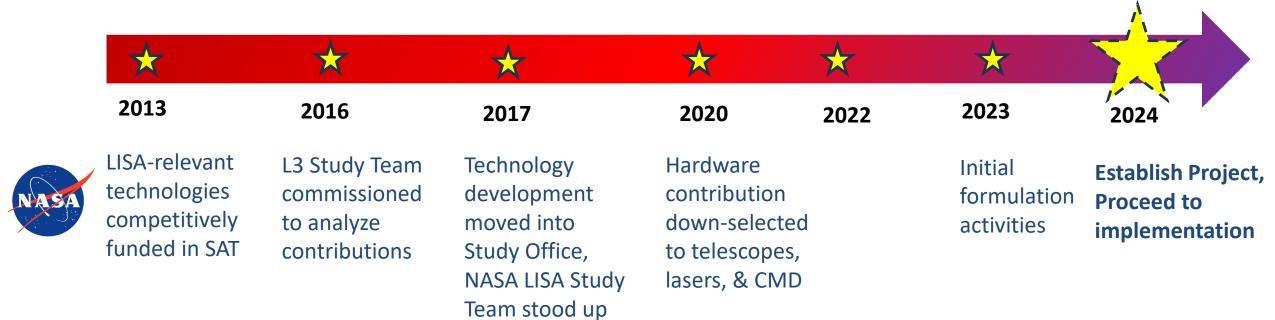
L3 mission

LISA Concept selected for Phase A Study

Study advances to Phase B1

Mission Adoption Review

Mission Adoption, **Establish Project** Proceed to implementation



Jan 25th, 2024: LISA is Adopted!



Critical milestone for ESA programs

- Action of Science Program Committee
- Marks end of definition study phase
- Allows ESA to proceed to implementation, including flight procurements

Adoption inputs

- ESA Technical Review (MAR), incl.
 NASA-provided technical assessments
- Science assessment (AWG, SSAC)
- ESA Inspector General Cost Review
- Definition Study Report

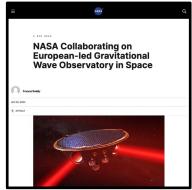
A - THE GRAPHAL SPACE AGRACY C GS. THESE A LOCALISMS

Capturing the ripples

of spacetime: LİSA gets go-ahead

ESA

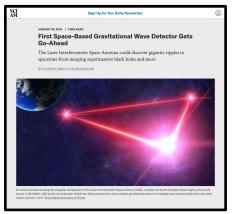
NASA



Gizmodo



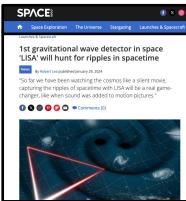
Scientific American



Ars Technica



Space.com



Chicago Sun Times



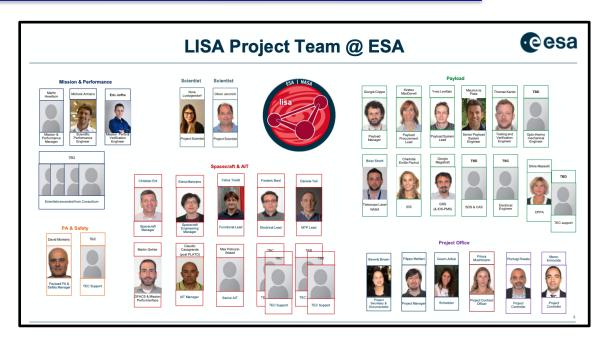
Sample press coverage for LISA Adoption announcement.

2024.03.21



ESA is rapidly accelerating

- Large project team in place
 - Project manager and core project team from PLATO
 - Larger systems engineering team to allow for more hands-on in-house systems engineering
 - New "Performance Management" team to manage unique LISA aspects such as constellation error budgets, science performance assessments, etc.
 - Large science team assembled with open call
- Immediate emphasis on establishing industrial partner
 - Invitation to tender expected this Spring
 - Industrial kickoff as soon as December
- ESA's pace is putting pressure on partners
 - ESA Member States with hardware deliverables
 - NASA
 - ESA Member States involved in ground segment



ESA has assembled a large and experienced team (chart from Nov. 23, many positions have since been filled)





Defines ESA & NASA partnership on LISA

NASA Contributions

- Telescope systems
- Laser systems
- Charge Management Device
- Science Analysis Support
- Systems engineering and science support to ESA

ESA deliverables to NASA

- Participation in science and engineering teams
- Access to all relevant data and models necessary for scientific data analysis
- Public data policy to facilitate open science

Status

- Technical agreement completed Jan. 2024
- Ready for signature on US side
- Review by ESA Council on Mar. 26th
- Signature expected in April

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING
BETWEEN
THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
AND THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY
CONCERNING THE
LASER INTERFEROMETER SPACE ANTENNA (LISA)
MISSION

NASA/ESA Memorandum of Understanding on LISA



Summary of Science Data Policy

Balance multiple factors

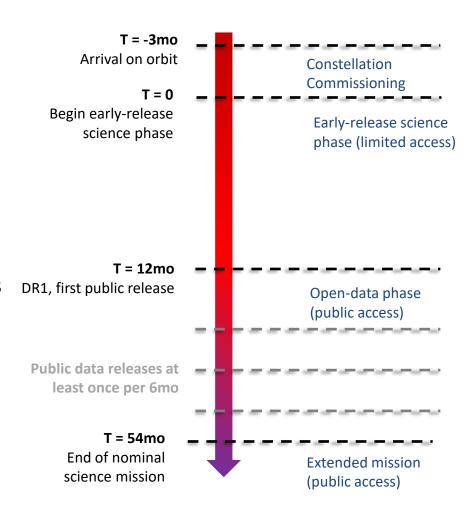
- Maximizing science opportunity
- Ensuring validity of results
- Recognizing past contributions from science community
- motivating future contributions from science community

Highlights of agreement

- Initial 12mo "early release science phase" (ERST) with limited data access
- "Science Topical Panels", selected in advance, will have access to LISA data and project experts during ERST
- First public data release at 12mo, likely accompanied by STP publications
- Remaining 3.5 years of nominal mission in public data mode with releases at 6mo minimum intervals
- Releases will contain catalogs plus all lower-level data and tools not forbidden by industrial proprietary agreements.

Developing details a key task for ESA-NASA LISA Science Team

- Selection process for topics and members of Science Topical Panels
- Details of release contents & process







Support ESA in Invitation to Tender Process

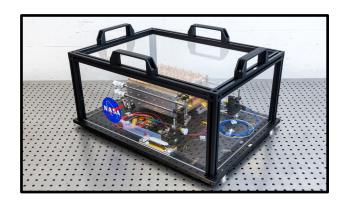
- Detailed review of interfaces to NASAprovided items
- Review of constellation-level performance budgets and flow-down to individual elements

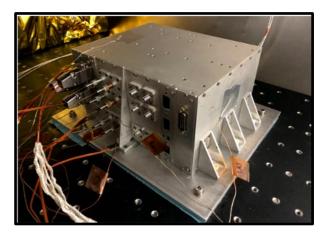
Finalize technology development

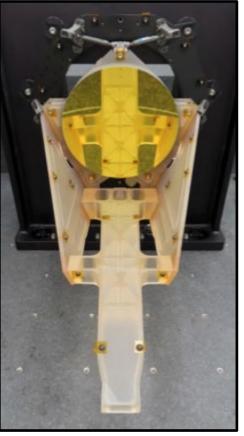
- Telescope EDU contract nearing successful completion
- Laser approaching TRL6 milestone
- Charge Management Device approaching TRL6 milestone

Prepare for flight procurements

- Assembling documentation
- Conducting technical reviews







Demonstration units for NASA LISA hardware contributions. Clockwise from top left: TRL5 laser head (GSFC/Fibertek/Avo Photonics), EDU Telescope (NASA/L3 Harris), TRL5 Charge Management Device (U. Florida / Fibertek)



Progress on Transition to NASA Project

Formulation Documents Complete

- Project Authorization Letter delivered to GSFC Director Lystrup on April 11th, 2023
- Formulation Authorization Document signed by SMD AA Fox on Oct. 27th, 2023

Standing Review Board (SRB) Chair and Deputy Chair selected

- Concurrence by HQ and GSFC management
- Appointments confirmed by AA Feb 2024

Lifecycle Review strategy

- Study Office has drafted a proposal
- Under review by GSFC management & HQ

Flight Procurements

- Proceeding with flight procurement preparation
- Necessary to meet ESA's schedule needs

Transition Schedule

- First milestone review in Q3 2024
- Project Transition complete before 2025

Funding needs are being met

- FY24 Congressional Budget
- FY25 President's Request

LISA Science Team



Joint ESA & NASA science team for LISA

Co-chaired by ESA & NASA Project Scientists

ESA/NASA MoU specified proportional representation

- 11 at-large European Members selected by ESA
- 6 at-large US members selected by NASA
- 1 LISA Consortium Representative
- 2 External Scientists appointed by ESA

ESA selections in two-step application

- Mandatory Notice of Intent closed Feb. 21st
- Anecdotal reports of strong interest
- Applications due Mar. 27th

NASA selection via Dear Colleague Letter

- Issued on March 7th
- Responses due April 16th
- Selection process complete by mid-May

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Mary W. Jackson NASA Headquarters Washington, DC 20546-0001



to of: SMD Astrophysics Division

Ref: Dear Colleague Letter to seek Nominations for participation in the LISA Science Team (LST) for the Laser Interferometer Space Antenna (LISA) ESA-led mission. (LISA)

Dear Colleague

NASA's Astrophysics Division at NASA Headquarters (HQ) in Washington, DC seeks self-nominations from interested individuals to participate as members of the Laser Interferometer Space Antenna (LISA) Science Team (LST).

March 7, 2024

LISA is a European Space Agency (ESA)-led mission with NASA as a partner. NASA is contributing flight-hardware systems, a science ground segment to produce scientific data products and facilitate scientific interpretation, and systems engineering and science support. LISA was adopted by ESA's Science Programme Committee on 25 January 2024. beclaining the start of the implementation phase of the mission.

The role of the LISA Science Team is to provide scientific stewardship during the development and operations of the LISA mission.

Science Background:

LISA will be the first space-based observatory of gravitational waves and the first instrument sensitive to gravitational waves in the millithert band. The universe hosts a rich and diverse population of sources in this band, including compact binary stars in our Milky Way, capture of stellar remnant black holes in nuclear clusters, and mergers of massive black holes at high redshifts. As a first-of-list-kind mission, LISA also holds great promise for making new discoveries in astrophysics, fundamental physics, and cosmology.

Purpose of the Call:

This Dear Colleague Letter (DCL) invites self-nominations for the membership to the LISA Science Team (LST) from Individuals based in the United States (U.S.). The call complements a similar call by ESA for scientists based in ESA Member States. The LST will support the ESA Project and Operations teams on all aspects related to the science return of the mission

First page of NASA Dear Colleague Letter issued on March 7th. Link to letter and more information on **PhysCOS website**.

2024.03.21





LISA is a "spacetime seismometer"

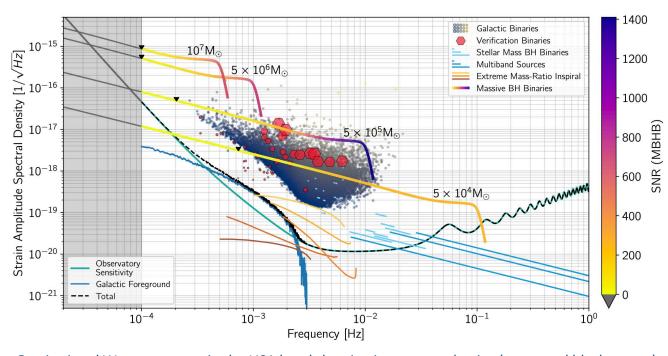
- Simple operations, complex signal analysis
- Data stream is a mix of many astrophysical signals and instrument noise

Extracting scientific data products from S/C telemetry is a multi-step, iterative process

- Collect & calibrate individual S/C signals
- Build constellation-level products
- Search for GW signal candidates
- Construct source catalogs

Many Different Source classes

- Persistent & transient
- Galactic and extra-galactic
- Modeled and unmodeled
- Resolved & unresolved
- Individual coherent & stochastic



Gravitational Wave spectrum in the LISA band showing instrumental noise (green and black curves) as well as representative astrophysical sources of various classes. From ESA Definition Study Report.





Broad scope of activities

- S/C Command and Telemetry
- Payload subsystem monitoring and maintenance
- Instrument (constellation) performance monitoring and maintenance
- Signal identification, extraction, and characterization
- Production & publication of scientific data products
- Support for scientific investigations (tools, grants, etc.)

Multiple international partners

- ESA Mission Operations (ESOC)
- ESA Science Operations & Project Science
- ESA Member States per Multi-Lateral Agreement (CNES lead, ~10 partners)
- NASA (per MoU)

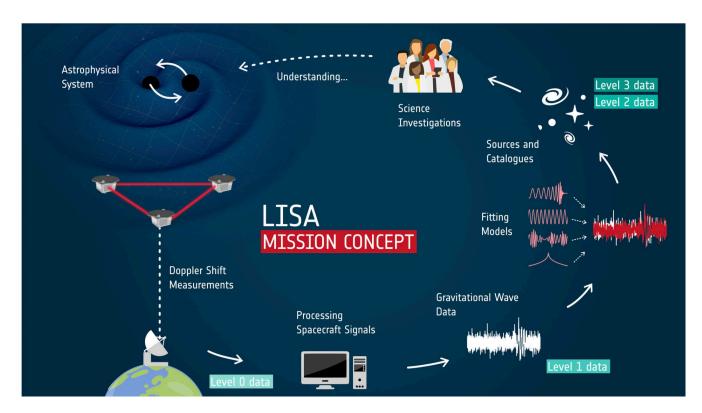


Illustration of LISA ground segment cycle from ESA Definition Study Report (ESA/N. Lutzgendorf)





Primary functions

- Component and constellation-level instrument analysis
- GW signal identification
- Production of scientific data products
- Distribution of data products & science support

Project Team

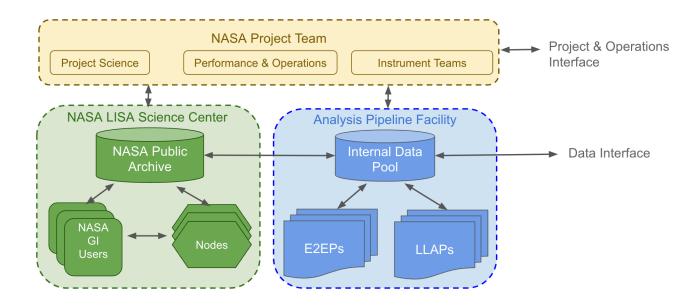
- Build on study office staff incl. GSFC, MSFC, & JPL
- Integrate expertise in instrumentation, data analysis, astrophysics
- Coordinate with ESA and member states

Analysis Pipeline Facility

- Develop & operate core production pipelines
- Tightly integrated with the rest of the NASA project team
- Close coordination with ESA
- Follow "hardware model"

Science Center

- Support the US-based science community
- Provide public data, tools, expertise
- Coordinate Guest Investigator program
- NASA Plans to Compete the LISA Science Center



Notional elements of NASA Project contributing to SGS. From NASA Science Implementation Plan.





"Technology Development" for pipelines

- Conduct large-scale mock data exercises
- Coordinated with European partners
- Substantial progress in demonstrating tallpole capabilities

Interface with ESA & Member States

- Formalize requirements & interfaces
- Develop management structure

Transition from R&D to project deliverable

- Adding management and engineering support to complement existing scientific expertise
- Identifying programmatic and technical milestones

Prototype "global fit" code simultaneously extracts multiple astrophysical signals and estimates instrument noise in simulated LISA data. From ESA Definition Study Report based on work from T. Littenberg (NASA/MSFC)

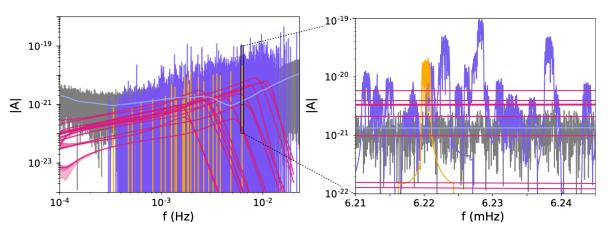


Figure 8.6: Results from global fit analysis of LDC2a data showing simultaneous reconstructions of the resolvable Galactic binary (purple), verification binaries (orange), massive Black Hole mergers (magenta), residuals (grey), and noise model (blue). The right panel focuses on the frequency interval containing HM Cancri. Both plots display the amplitude spectral density of the TDI A Channel.

Science Center Activities



- Adding support to develop plan for a possible competitive acquisition of the Science Center
 - Functional Requirements
 - Cost & Schedule
 - Interfaces to other NASA and international entities
 - Reference architectures
- Primary Goals (identified in SIDC report)
 - Provide access to full array of data products
 - Enable broad participation in LISA science & analysis
- NASA Plans to compete the LISA Science Center

NASA LISA Implementation Study Final Report

Panel Members:
Feryal Ozel (Chair, Georgia Institute of Technology)
Jeanme Behnke (GSFC)
Will Farr (Stony Brook University, Platino Inst)
Kathy Flanagan (STScl)
Tom Prince (Caltech)
Xavi Siemens (University of Oregon)
Nick White (Space Science Solutions)
Stanley Mccaulley (MSFC, Costing Specialist)
Ira Thorpe (GSFC, NASA-LISA Study Scientist, Executive Secretary
Terry Doiron (GSFC, NASA-LISA Study Manager)
Observers:
Rita Sambruna (GSFC)
Debra Wallace (MSFC)

Science Implementation Data Center (SIDC) committee final report by Özel, et al.

Summary



LISA is moving forward

- 50 years since Bender & Weiss discussed space-based GW detector at a NASA meeting!
- ESA has committed to LISA as its next flagship astrophysics mission
- NASA is an essential partner involved in many aspects of the mission

NASA is transitioning LISA to a Project

- Technology development nearly complete
- Project structure at GSFC in development
- Ready for KDP reviews in the near future

Groundwork laid for robust US science participation

- Negotiated data policy consistent with open science principles
- US representation in ESA science team provides "seat at the table"
- "Technology Development" for key ground-segment functions demonstrating progress
- Plans for science center in development

Thanks / Questions

